## Decoding of the Voynich Manuscript 13

Darius Lorek

June 13, 2022

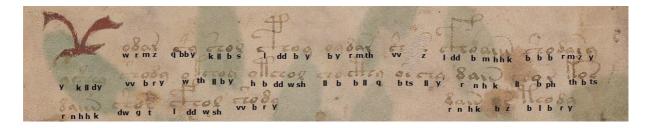
#### **Abstract**

This document contains the transliteration and translation of the folio 1r, 2nd passage of the VMS. The text on this folio is composed of four separated passages, which address different topics. The glyphs in this passage can be identified unambiguous so the mapping into Aramaic letters and the transliteration into their Latin counterparts are clear. The presented passage is a lament over the destruction of Jerusalem and suffering of the survivors from the religious community of the "Poor" after the failed Great Jewish Revolt 66-70 CE. The end of the first line is decorated with a red icon, which in our opinion symbolises a sabbatical year (shmittah year)<sup>1</sup> in general, but the shmittah year 70 CE here in particular. A short conclusion completes this document, which we dedicate to Ukraine, a country in fight for freedom.

# 1 Decryption of the folio 1r, 2nd passage of the VMS

The following translation into English is based mainly on the lexica used in our former papers (see Decoding of the VMS 1..11)<sup>2</sup>. In our translation we try to stay as close as possible to the underlying Aramaic text. The syntax and sentence structure in the text are those of Aramaic and not English so we have occasionally to change the word order in the translated sentence to make the sentence understandable, though our aim isn't to provide the best possible English translation but to crystallize out the meaning of the text.

The abjad text (ketiv) together with the specific of Aramaic to consist of short words makes the resulting writing, whether as plain Aramaic text or as Voynich code, very compact. The English translation generates a significant longer output. The mapping to Latin letter-transliteration of Aramaic shows the following picture (f1r, 2nd passage):



The text reads as follows:

pass for abjad - yz m rbb

a fierce/barbarous nation became great/many (large)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> see a detailed explanation in the document "Decoding of the Voynich Manuscript 10"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> mainly Hebrew Dictionary of the Old Testament Online Bible with Strong's Exhaustive Concordance, Brown Driver Briggs Lexicon, Etymology, Translations Definitions Meanings & Key Word Studies - Lexiconcordance.com

```
יַעַז ya'az {yaw-az'}
1) to be strong, be fierce (meaning dubious)
  1a) (Niphal) barbarous (participle)
       מם am {am}
        1) nation, people
         1a) people, nation
         1b) persons, members of one's people, compatriots, country-men
       2) kinsman, kindred
       שם am {am}
        1) people
              rabab {raw-bab'}
               1) to be or become many, be or become much, be or become great
                 1a) (Qal)
                   1a1) to be or become many
                   1a2) to be or become great
                   1a3) to be long (of journey)
              2) (Pual) ten thousands
              rabab {raw-bab'}
               1) (Qal) to shoot
pass for abjad - bw' khh m
going to be darkened together with
bow' {bo} בוֹא
1) to go in, enter, come, go, come in
  1a) (Qal)
     1a1) to enter, come in
     1a2) to come
        1a2a) to come with
        1a2b) to come upon, fall or light upon, attack (enemy)
        1a2c) to come to pass
     1a3) to attain to
     1a4) to be enumerated
     1a5) to go
  1b) (Hiphil)
     1b1) to lead in
     1b2) to carry in
     1b3) to bring in, cause to come in, gather, cause to come,
        bring near, bring against, bring upon
     1b4) to bring to pass
  1c) (Hophal)
     1c1) to be brought, brought in
     1c2) to be introduced, be put
       אהה kahah {kaw-haw'}
        1) to grow weak, grow dim, grow faint, falter, be weak, be dim, be
         darkened, be restrained, be faint, fail
         1a) (Qal) to grow dim, grow faint
         1b) (Piel) to faint, grow weak, grow faint
       keheh {kay-heh'} נהה
        1) dim, dull, colourless, be dark, faint
```

```
עם am {am}
1) nation, people
  1a) people, nation
  1b) persons, members of one's people, compatriots, country-men
2) kinsman, kindred
עם am {am}
1) people
עם im {eem}
1) with
  1a) with
  1b) against
  1c) toward
  1d) as long as
  1e) beside, except
  1f) in spite of
עם im {eem}
1) with
  1a) together with, with
  1b) with, during
```

## pass for abjad - bd dl z

## killing/extermination (of) the poor, then/at that time

```
אַבַּד' 'abad {aw-bad'}
1) perish, vanish, go astray, be destroyed
  1a) (Qal)
     1a1) perish, die, be exterminated
     1a2) perish, vanish (fig.)
     1a3) be lost, strayed
  1b) (Piel)
     1b1) to destroy, kill, cause to perish, to give up
        (as lost), exterminate
     1b2) to blot out, do away with, cause to vanish, (fig.)
     1b3) cause to stray, lose
  1c) (Hiphil)
     1c1) to destroy, put to death
        1c1a) of divine judgment
     1c2) object name of kings (fig.)
אַבַד 'abad {ab-ad'}
1) to perish, vanish
  1a) (P'al) shall perish
  1b) (Aphel) destroy
  1c) (Hophal) be destroyed
אֹבֵּד 'obed {o-bade'}
1) destruction
עבַד abad {aw-bad'}
1) to work, serve
  1a) (Qal)
     1a1) to labour, work, do work
     1a2) to work for another, serve another by labour
```

```
1a3) to serve as subjects
     1a4) to serve (God)
     1a5) to serve (with Levitical service)
   1b) (Niphal)
     1b1) to be worked, be tilled (of land)
     1b2) to make oneself a servant
   1c) (Pual) to be worked
   1d) (Hiphil)
     1d1) to compel to labour or work, cause to labour, cause to serve
     1d2) to cause to serve as subjects
   1e) (Hophal) to be led or enticed to serve
עבַד abad {ab-bad'}
1) to make, do
  1a) (P'al)
     1a1) to make, create
     1a2) to do, perform
  1b) (Ithp'al)
     1b1) to be made into
     1b2) to be done, be wrought, be performed, be executed, be
        carried out
עַבָּד abad {ab-awd'}
1) work
       dal {dal} र्
        1) low, poor, weak, thin, one who is low
               אז 'az {awz}
               1) then, at that time
                  1a) temporal expressions
                    1a1) then (past)
                    1a2) then, if...then (future)
                    1a3) earlier
                  1b) logical expressions
                    1b1) in that case
                    1b2) that (being so)
pass for abjad - vv thm r
the chief <sup>3</sup> to be (was) burned (up),
ון vav {vaw}
1) hook, peg, nail, pin
       עתם atham {aw-tham'}
        1) (Niphal) to be burned up, be scorched
               ער ar {awr}
               1) enemy, adversary, foe
               ער ar {awr}
```

we know from the context on other folios that the logogram (vv, bb) was frequently used to symbolise the chief or bishop of the Jerusalem Community of the "Poor" - whether as a syllabic abbreviation of a concrete word like וְ (hook, peg) in the meaning of "anchor" or not. The text suggests that the principal/bishop of the Community was executed by the Romans

```
1) enemy, adversary, foe
               רַעַע ra'a' {raw-ah'}
               1) to be bad, be evil
                 1a) (Qal)
                    1a1) to be displeasing
                    1a2) to be sad
                    1a3) to be injurious, be evil
                    1a4) to be wicked, be evil (ethically)
                 1b) (Hiphil)
                    1b1) to do an injury or hurt
                    1b2) to do evil or wickedly
                    1b3) mischief (participle)
               2) to break, shatter
                 2a) (Qal)
                    2a1) to break
                    2a2) broken (participle)
                    2a3) to be broken
                 2b) (Hithpolel) to be broken, be broken in pieces, be broken asunder
               רְעַע r@'a' {reh-ah'}
               1) (P'al) to crush, break, shatter
pass for abjad - yb
the wicked/evil enemy,
אַיַב 'ayab {aw-yab'}
1) to be hostile to, to be an enemy to
  1a) (Qal)
     1a1) to be hostile to
     1a2) to treat as an enemy
אֹיֵב 'oyeb {o-yabe'}
1) (Qal) enemy
  1a) personal
  1b) national
pass for abjad - y bd dl
which blotted out/exterminated/put to death/caused to perish the poor
אָי 'ay {ah'ee}
1) where?, whence?
2) which?, how? (in prefix with other adverb)
אָי 'iy {ee}
1) not
       'abad {aw-bad'}
        1) perish, vanish, go astray, be destroyed
          1a) (Qal)
            1a1) perish, die, be exterminated
            1a2) perish, vanish (fig.)
            1a3) be lost, strayed
          1b) (Piel)
```

```
1b1) to destroy, kill, cause to perish, to give up
               (as lost), exterminate
            1b2) to blot out, do away with, cause to vanish, (fig.)
            1b3) cause to stray, lose
          1c) (Hiphil)
            1c1) to destroy, put to death
               1c1a) of divine judgment
            1c2) object name of kings (fig.)
       יאָבַד 'abad {ab-ad'}
        1) to perish, vanish
          1a) (P'al) shall perish
          1b) (Aphel) destroy
          1c) (Hophal) be destroyed
       'obed {o-bade'}
        1) destruction
       עבד abad {ab-bad'}
        1) to make, do
          1a) (P'al)
            1a1) to make, create
            1a2) to do, perform
          1b) (Ithp'al)
            1b1) to be made into
            1b2) to be done, be wrought, be performed, be executed, be
               carried out
               dal {dal} פל
               1) low, poor, weak, thin, one who is low
pass for abjad - sb' llk
to be satisfied/surfeited (in a bad sense), these/those
שַׂבַע saba' {saw-bah'}
1) to be satisfied, be sated, be fulfilled, be surfeited
  1a) (Oal)
     1a1) to be sated (with food)
     1a2) to be sated, be satisfied with, be fulfilled, be filled,
        have one's fill of (have desire satisfied)
     1a3) to have in excess, be surfeited, be surfeited with
        1a3a) to be weary of (fig)
  1b) (Piel) to satisfy
  1c) (Hiphil)
     1c1) to satisfy
     1c2) to enrich
     1c3) to sate, glut (with the undesired)
שבע saba' {saw-baw'}
1) plenty, satiety
  1a) plenty (of breadstuffs)
  1b) satiety
שֹבַע soba' {so'-bah}
1) satiety, abundance, fullness
  1a) satiety
```

```
1b) abundance
שַׁבֶעַ sabea' {saw-bay'-ah}
1) sated, satisfied, surfeited
  1a) sated, abounding, satisfied
  1b) surfeited (bad sense)
       יאַלָּד 'illek {il-lake'}
        1) these, those
pass for abjad - yb bq/bq'
longing for/desiring to tear down/cut to pieces/break down 4
       יָאַב ya'ab {yaw-ab'}
        1) (Qal) to long, long for, desire
               biq'a' {bik-aw'} בּקעַה
               1) plain
               בקע baqa' {baw-kah'}
               1) to split, cleave, break open, divide, break through, rip up, break
                 up, tear
                 1a) (Qal)
                    1a1) to cleave, cleave open
                    1a2) to break through, break into
                 1b) (Niphal)
                    1b1) to be cleft, be rent open, be split open
                    1b2) to be broken into
                 1c) (Piel)
                    1c1) to cleave, cut to pieces, rend open
                    1c2) to break through, break down
                 1d) (Pual)
                    1d1) to be ripped open, be torn open
                    1d2) to be rent
                    1d3) to be broken into
                 1e) (Hiphil)
                    1e1) to break into
                    1e2) to break through
                 1f) (Hophal) to be broken into
                 1g) (Hithpael) to burst (themselves) open, cleave asunder
pass for abjad - z mr w
(of) at that time an otherwise/rather bare place
אַז 'az {awz}
1) then, at that time
  1a) temporal expressions
     1a1) then (past)
     1a2) then, if...then (future)
     1a3) earlier
  1b) logical expressions
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Jerusalem wird geschleift

```
1b1) in that case
     1b2) that (being so)
       מער ma'ar {mah'-ar}
        1) bare, naked place, nakedness
          1a) bare place
          1b) nakedness, pudenda (exposed in punishment)
              in 'ow {o}
               1) or, rather
                 1a) implying that the latter choice is preferred
                 1b) or if, introducing an example to be seen under a particular principle
                 1c) (in series) either...or, whether...or
                 1d) if perchance
                 1e) except, or else
               2) whether, not the least, if, otherwise, also, and, then
pass for abjad - tsbth ph' bl
a boundless, worthless mourning/lamenting
צבת tsebeth {tseh'-beth}
1) bundles
  1a) of grain
       אַפַע epha' {eh'-fah}
        1) worthless, of nought
       עפא ophe' {of-eh'}
        1) branch, foliage
              אָבַל 'abal {aw-bal'}
               1) to mourn, lament
                 1a) (Oal) to mourn, lament
                    1a1) of humans
                    1a2) of inanimate objects (fig.)
                       1a2a) of gates
                       1a2b) of land
                 1b) (Hiphil)
                    1b1) to mourn, cause to mourn (fig.)
                 1c) (Hithpael)
                    1c1) to mourn
                    1c2) play the mourner
              אבל 'abel {aw-bale'}
               1) mourning
                 1a) for the dead
                 1b) because of calamity
                 1c) of rites of mourning
               2) mourner (subst.)
                 2a) for the dead
                 2b) for calamity
              אֶבֶל 'ebel {ay'-bel}
               1) mourning
                 1a) for the dead
                 1b) for rites of mourning (metaph)
                 1c) mourning garb
```

### 1d) period of mourning

```
pass for abjad - l' khn r'
```

### without a priest, friend/intimate/fellow

```
lo' {lo}
1) not, no
  1a) not (with verb - absolute prohibition)
  1b) not (with modifier - negation)
  1c) nothing (subst)
  1d) without (with particle)
  1e) before (of time)
לא la' {law}
1) no, not, nothing
       להן kahan {kaw-han'}
        1) to act as a priest, minister in a priest's office
          1a) (Piel)
            1a1) to minister as a priest, serve as a priest
            1a2) to be or become a priest
            1a3) to play the priest
       להן kohen {ko-hane'}
        1) priest, principal officer or chief ruler
          1a) priest-king (Melchizedek, Messiah)
          1b) pagan priests
          1c) priests of Jehovah
          1d) Levitical priests
          1e) Zadokite priests
          1f) Aaronic priests
          1g) the high priest
       kahen {kaw-hane'}
        1) priest
              רַע rea' {ray'-ah}
               1) friend, companion, fellow, another person
                 1a) friend, intimate
                 1b) fellow, fellow-citizen, another person (weaker sense)
                 1c) other, another (reciprocal phrase)
pass for abjad - yl l'
(is) no help/of no avail
אַיַל 'eyal {eh-yawl'}
1) strength
2) help
יַעַל ya'al {yaw-al'}
1) (Hiphil) to gain, profit, benefit, avail
       lo' {lo} לא
        1) not, no
          1a) not (with verb - absolute prohibition)
          1b) not (with modifier - negation)
```

```
1d) without (with particle)
          1e) before (of time)
       la' {law}
        1) no, not, nothing
pass for abjad - tsb ql lb
pain/grieve/sorrow bends/crooks (in) the midst/heart,
עַצַב atsab {aw-tsab'}
1) to hurt, pain, grieve, displease, vex, wrest
  1a) (Qal) to hurt, pain
  1b) (Niphal) to be in pain, be pained, be grieved
  1c) (Piel) to vex, torture
  1d) (Hiphil) to cause pain
  1e) (Hithpael) to feel grieved, be vexed
2) to shape, fashion, make, form, stretch into shape, (TWOT) worship
  2a) (Piel) to shape, form
  2b) (Hiphil) to form, copy, fashion
עַצִיב atsab {ats-ab'}
1) to pain, grieve
  1a) (P'al) pained (participle)
עצֶע etseb {eh'-tseb}
1) pain, hurt, toil, sorrow, labour, hardship
  1a) pain
  1b) hurt, offense
  1c) toil, hardship
2) vessel, creation, object
3) (TWOT) idol
עֹצֶב otseb {o'-tseb}
1) pain, sorrow
2) idol
       עקל agal {aw-kal'}
        1) to bend, twist
          1a) (Pual) to be bent out of shape, be distorted, be crooked
              leb {labe}
               1) inner man, mind, will, heart, understanding
                 1a) inner part, midst
                    1a1) midst (of things)
                    1a2) heart (of man)
                    1a3) soul, heart (of man)
                    1a4) mind, knowledge, thinking, reflection, memory
                    1a5) inclination, resolution, determination (of will)
                    1a6) conscience
                    1a7) heart (of moral character)
                    1a8) as seat of appetites
                    1a9) as seat of emotions and passions
                    1a10) as seat of courage
              leb {labe}
               1) heart, mind
```

1c) nothing (subst)

```
pass for abjad - bl l'
```

### mourn/lament not

```
'abal {aw-bal'}
1) to mourn, lament
  1a) (Qal) to mourn, lament
     1a1) of humans
     1a2) of inanimate objects (fig.)
        1a2a) of gates
        1a2b) of land
  1b) (Hiphil)
     1b1) to mourn, cause to mourn (fig.)
  1c) (Hithpael)
     1c1) to mourn
     1c2) play the mourner
אַבֵּל 'abel {aw-bale'}
1) mourning
  1a) for the dead
  1b) because of calamity
  1c) of rites of mourning
2) mourner (subst.)
  2a) for the dead
  2b) for calamity
אָבֶל 'ebel {ay'-bel}
1) mourning
  1a) for the dead
  1b) for rites of mourning (metaph)
  1c) mourning garb
  1d) period of mourning
       lo' {lo} לא
        1) not, no
         1a) not (with verb - absolute prohibition)
         1b) not (with modifier - negation)
         1c) nothing (subst)
         1d) without (with particle)
         1e) before (of time)
       la' {law} לָּא
        1) no, not, nothing
pass for abjad - shwd dbh
destroying/devastating dismay!
שוד shuwd {shood}
1) (Qal) to ruin, destroy, spoil, devastate
       דאבה d@'abah {deh-aw-baw'}
       1) faintness, dismay, failure of mental energy
```

### pass for abjad - ybl l' th w

### rather carry away/bear along nothing from

```
יבל yabal {yaw-bal'}
1) to bring, lead, carry, conduct, bear along
  1a) (Hiphil)
     1a1) to bear along, bring
     1a2) to carry away, lead away
     1a3) to lead, conduct
  1b) (Hophal)
     1b1) to be borne along
     1b2) to be borne (to the grave)
     1b3) to be brought, be led, be conducted
יבַל y@bal {yeb-al'}
1) (Aphel) to bring, carry, bear along
       lo' {lo} לא
        1) not, no
          1a) not (with verb - absolute prohibition)
          1b) not (with modifier - negation)
          1c) nothing (subst)
          1d) without (with particle)
          1e) before (of time)
       la' {law} לָּא
        1) no, not, nothing
               אָת 'eth {ayth}
               1) with, near, together with
                 1a) with, together with
                 1b) with (of relationship)
                 1c) near (of place)
                 1d) with (poss.)
                 1e) from...with, from (with other prep)
                             in 'ow {o}
                              1) or, rather
                                1a) implying that the latter choice is preferred
                                1b) or if, introducing an example to be seen under a particular
                              principle
                                1c) (in series) either...or, whether...or
                                1d) if perchance
                                1e) except, or else
                              2) whether, not the least, if, otherwise, also, and, then
```

pass for abjad - yr b vv

the city (of) father chief<sup>5</sup>,

-

s we know from the context on other folios that the logogram (vv, bb) was frequently used to symbolise the chief or bishop of the Jerusalem Community of the "Poor" - whether as a syllabic abbreviation of a concrete word like name (hook, peg) in the meaning of "anchor" or without this reference

```
עיר iyr {eer}
1) excitement, anguish
  1a) of terror
2) city, town (a place of waking, guarded)
  2a) city, town
       ab {awb} מב
        1) father of an individual
        2) of God as father of his people
        3) head or founder of a household, group, family, or clan
        4) ancestor
          4a) grandfather, forefathers -- of person
          4b) of people
        5) originator or patron of a class, profession, or art
        6) of producer, generator (fig.)
        7) of benevolence and protection (fig.)
        8) term of respect and honour
        9) ruler or chief (spec.)
       'ab {ab}
        1) father
              ון vav {vaw}
               1) hook, peg, nail, pin
pass for abjad - y d llk y
which forever (became) these heaps of ruins
אָי 'ay {ah'ee}
1) where?, whence?
2) which?, how? (in prefix with other adverb)
       עד ad {ad}
        1) perpetuity, for ever, continuing future
          1a) ancient (of past time)
          1b) for ever (of future time)
            1b1) of continuous existence
          1c) for ever (of God's existence)
       עד ad {ad}
        prep
        1) as far as, even to, until, up to, while, as far as
          1a) of space
            1a1) as far as, up to, even to
          1b) in combination
            1b1) from...as far as, both...and (with 'min' - from)
          1c) of time
            1c1) even to, until, unto, till, during, end
          1d) of degree
            1d1) even to, to the degree of, even like
        2) until, while, to the point that, so that even
              אָלֵּךְ 'illek {il-lake'}
               1) these, those
                      עי iy {ee}
```

### 1) ruin, heap of ruins

#### Last line

```
- Right-
pass for abjad - yr' bl bw'
dreadful/trembling lament comes upon/falls upon/is put on
יֵרָא yare' {yaw-ray'}
1) to fear, revere, be afraid
  1a) (Qal)
     1a1) to fear, be afraid
     1a2) to stand in awe of, be awed
     1a3) to fear, reverence, honour, respect
  1b) (Niphal)
     1b1) to be fearful, be dreadful, be feared
     1b2) to cause astonishment and awe, be held in awe
     1b3) to inspire reverence or godly fear or awe
  1c) (Piel) to make afraid, terrify
2) (TWOT) to shoot, pour
יֵרֵא yare' {yaw-ray'}
1) fearing, reverent, afraid
יַרַע yara' {yaw-rah'}
1) (Qal) to tremble, quiver
       אַבַל 'abal {aw-bal'}
        1) to mourn, lament
         1a) (Qal) to mourn, lament
            1a1) of humans
            1a2) of inanimate objects (fig.)
               1a2a) of gates
               1a2b) of land
         1b) (Hiphil)
            1b1) to mourn, cause to mourn (fig.)
         1c) (Hithpael)
            1c1) to mourn
            1c2) play the mourner
       אֶבֶל 'abel {aw-bale'}
        1) mourning
         1a) for the dead
         1b) because of calamity
         1c) of rites of mourning
        2) mourner (subst.)
         2a) for the dead
         2b) for calamity
       'ebel {ay'-bel}
        1) mourning
         1a) for the dead
```

1b) for rites of mourning (metaph)

```
1c) mourning garb
          1d) period of mourning
              bow' {bo}
               1) to go in, enter, come, go, come in
                 1a) (Qal)
                   1a1) to enter, come in
                   1a2) to come
                       1a2a) to come with
                       1a2b) to come upon, fall or light upon, attack (enemy)
                       1a2c) to come to pass
                   1a3) to attain to
                   1a4) to be enumerated
                   1a5) to go
                 1b) (Hiphil)
                   1b1) to lead in
                   1b2) to carry in
                   1b3) to bring in, cause to come in, gather, cause to come,
                       bring near, bring against, bring upon
                    1b4) to bring to pass
                 1c) (Hophal)
                   1c1) to be brought, brought in
                   1c2) to be introduced, be put
pass for abjad - zb kh nr
(the) deserted/let alone/abandoned/leaving, disheartened/cowed scattered
עוב azab {aw-zab'}
1) to leave, loose, forsake
  1a) (Oal) to leave
     1a1) to depart from, leave behind, leave, let alone
     1a2) to leave, abandon, forsake, neglect, apostatise
     1a3) to let loose, set free, let go, free
  1b) (Niphal)
     1b1) to be left to
     1b2) to be forsaken
  1c) (Pual) to be deserted
2) to restore, repair
  2a) (Qal) to repair
       נאָד ka'ah {kaw-aw'}
        1) to be sad, be disheartened, be cowed
          1a) (Niphal) to be disheartened, be cowed
          1b) (Hiphil) to make sad
       אס לה koh {ko}
        1) thus, here, in this manner
          1a) thus, so
          1b) here, here and there
          1c) until now, until now...until then, meanwhile
              נער na'ar {nah'-ar}
               1) a shaking, scattering
```

```
- Left -
pass for abjad - yr b vv
the city (of) father chief6
עיר iyr {eer}
1) excitement, anguish
  1a) of terror
2) city, town (a place of waking, guarded)
  2a) city, town
       ab {awb} מב 'ab {awb}
        1) father of an individual
        2) of God as father of his people
        3) head or founder of a household, group, family, or clan
        4) ancestor
          4a) grandfather, forefathers -- of person
          4b) of people
        5) originator or patron of a class, profession, or art
        6) of producer, generator (fig.)
        7) of benevolence and protection (fig.)
        8) term of respect and honour
        9) ruler or chief (spec.)
       ab {ab} מב 'ab {ab}
        1) father
              ין vav {vaw}
               1) hook, peg, nail, pin
pass for abjad - shwd dl
ruined/destroyed, the poor
שוד shuwd {shood}
1) (Qal) to ruin, destroy, spoil, devastate
       ל dal {dal}
        1) low, poor, weak, thin, one who is low
pass for abjad - t gwd kh
misused/deceived attacking here/in this manner
עעע ta'a' {taw-ah'}
```

<sup>6</sup> we know from the context on other folios that the logogram (vv, bb) was frequently used to symbolise the chief or bishop of the Jerusalem Community of the "Poor" - whether as

1) to deceive, misuse

1a1) to be a mocker, mock

1a) (Pilpel)

a syllabic abbreviation of a concrete word like 1 (hook, peg) in the meaning of "anchor" or without this reference

```
1a2) mocker (subst)
  1b) (Hithpalpel)
     1b1) to ridicule
     1b2) mocking (participle)
       711 guwd {goode}
       1) to invade, attack
         1a) (Qal) to attack
              koh {ko} כֿה
              1) thus, here, in this manner
                 1a) thus, so
                 1b) here, here and there
                 1c) until now, until now...until then, meanwhile
              kah {kaw} כַּה
              1) here, so far, thus
pass for abjad - hn r
the same/who (was) the enemy/foe
הן hen {hane}
1) they, these, the same, who
       ער ar {awr}
       1) enemy, adversary, foe
       ער ar {awr}
       1) enemy, adversary, foe
2
       English translation
The plain English translation (synonyms separated by /, added prepositions, explanations or
alternative spelling in brackets):
a fierce/barbarous nation became great/many (large)
going to be darkened together with
killing/extermination (of) the poor, then/at that time
the chief to be (was) burned (up),
the wicked/evil enemy,
which blotted out/exterminated/put to death the poor
to be satisfied/surfeited (in a bad sense), these/those
longing for/desiring to tear down/cut to pieces/break down
(of) at that time a rather bare place<sup>7</sup>
a boundless, worthless mourning/lamenting
without priest, friend/intimate/fellow
(is) no help/of no avail
pain/grieve/sorrow bends/crooks (in) the midst/heart,
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> the depopulated Jerusalem had been razed

mourn/lament not destroying/devastating dismay!

rather carry away/bear along nothing from the city (of) chief father, which forever (became) these heaps of ruins

Last line

- Right-

dreadful/trembling lament comes upon/falls upon/is put on (the) deserted/let alone/abandoned/leaving, disheartened/cowed scattered

- Left -

the city (of) chief father ruined/destroyed, the poor misused/deceived attacking here/in this manner the same/who (was) the enemy/foe

### **3** Conclusion

This short passage from the folio 1r is a lament over the destructed city of Jerusalem after the Great Jewish Rebellion 66-70 CE as for Jerusalem, while the siege of Masada lasted until 73 CE. The text reveals, that the Jerusalem Community of the "Poor" together with its priesthood was nearby exterminated, the city razed by the enemy:

the wicked/evil enemy, which blotted out/exterminated/put to death the poor to be satisfied/surfeited (in a bad sense), these/those longing for/desiring to tear down/cut to pieces (of) at that time a rather bare place

In the last words of the passage the author appeals to break with the past and not to carry away any remembrance of the lost city. The two comments in the last line, which in our view don't belong to the original text, merely convoy in repetition the above narration. At the end of the first line a red icon in form of a rising bird symbolises the year of the event, the sabbatical (shmittah) year 70 CE (see also the document "Decoding of the Voynich Manuscript 10" for details).